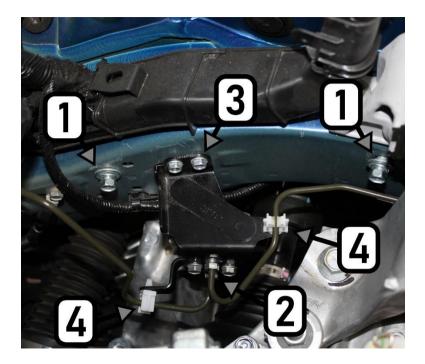
## SiriMoto N1 Damper Delete

- Recommended Tools/Supplies:
  - 10 & 12mm Socket, Socket Extensions, Ratchet; 10mm Flare Wrench; 13mm Wrench; 8mm Box Wrench; ¼" (~6mm) Bleeder Drain Hose; Honda Clutch Fluid; Paper Towels
- Removing the Clutch Damper:
  - Remove the battery and metal battery tray (10 & 12mm Hex Head Bolts), then locate the damper by following the tubing coming from the master cylinder.
  - <u>Using a 10mm Flare Wrench</u> (a), loosen the fittings at the Clutch Damper, but do not unscrew them completely to help avoid fluid loss.
  - 3. Remove the two 10mm Hex Head Bolts holding the damper bracket to the vehicle.
  - 4. Place an optional towel or small plastic tray underneath the factory damper assembly to catch fluid drips if desired. Now, remove the clutch damper/bracket assembly, by unscrewing the fittings that were previously loosened, unfastening the hard lines form their retaining clips (white), and then *cap the lines temporarily to avoid fluid spills*. Note: There is no need to detach the damper from the bracket itself.
- Installing the Damper Delete:
  - 1. Screw in the pipe fittings to the damper delete assembly by hand, making sure to set the lines in their original vertical positioning and orienting the u-bend towards the driver.
  - Using a flare wrench, tighten ONLY the 10mm fittings and hold the 13mm fittings stationary with a 13mm wrench. Do not allow the 13mm fitting to spin/turn, nor the damper delete.
  - 3. Once tightened, check for proper clearance around the hard-line, and manually adjust/bend with *light* pressure if needed. Note: During final tightening, the damper delete may rotate so the bend faces down. This is fine.
- Bleeding the System (conventional 2-person method):
  - 1. Open the brake/clutch fluid reservoir cover. NOTE: Ensure the reservoir is not depleted of fluid at any point.
  - 2. Connect a drain hose to the slave cylinder bleeder screw and open the bleeder screw by about ½ turn, using an 8mm box wrench.
  - 3. Pump the clutch pedal 10~20 times, keeping a smooth and steady pace, until fluid starts to flow out of the drain hose.
    - a. At this point the Speed Bleeder can be installed for an easier pressure bleed, or proceed by using the OEM bleeder valve.
  - 4. Close the bleeder screw and pump the pedal 3~5 times to build pressure.
  - 5. With the pedal held down, open the bleeder screw to allow fluid/air out of the lines, then close the bleeder.
  - 6. Pump the pedal 3~5 times and repeat the bleeding process to the point that there are no more air bubbles coming out of the system. There should be a noticeable difference in pedal feel once the system is bled properly it should feel normal/stock again.
  - 7. Close the bleeder and top off the fluid reservoir.
  - 8. Cycle the clutch pedal while checking for fluid leaks. If leaks are present, retightening the fittings would be necessary.
  - 9. Reinstall all parts previously removed (reservoir cap, battery tray, etc.).



## Clutch Damper and Hardware Location



## OEM Clutch Damper Assembly

